

**DRILL AND TAP BLOCK**

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Manufacturing Technology  
TMJ20  
Grade 10  
June 2020



**ONLINE  
RESOURCE**



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## Introduction

Course Code: TMJ2O  
Broad base Technology: Manufacturing  
Destination: Open  
Grade Level: 10  
Prerequisite: None  
Online Project Name: Drill and Tap Block

## Project Outline

This project will teach students how to drill and tap various size holes on a milling machine. They will be required to cut a piece of rough stock aluminum and mill the ends of the block square. They will then layout 3 different hole positions on the block using the height gauge and surface plate. The student will finish the project by use the milling machine to drill and tap 3 different size holes.

By the end of this project the student will...

- Learn the various designations of drill sizes
- Learn how taps are identified
- Be able to read a tap drill chart
- Understand the importance of proper drill size selection when tapping
- Demonstrate how to drill and tap a hole properly

## Prior Knowledge

Students should have some basic knowledge from the grade 9 TIJ1O Exploring Technologies course which is suggested but not mandatory. This includes,

- General shop safety
- Layout techniques using height gauge
- Band saw operation
- Milling machine operation

## Student Activities

### Activity 1 – The 4 Designations of Drill Sizes

The goal of this activity is for students to learn the ways in which drill sizes are designated. Students will be able to identify the 4 different designations (fraction, letter, number, metric) and be able to locate the drills in a standard drill set.

**Time required:** 30 minutes

**Materials/equipment needed:** Standard drill set, various drills to pass around to students

### Activity 2 – Tap Identification

The goal of this activity is for students to understand how taps are identified. They will learn about different types of taps and why it is important to choose the right tap for the job required.

**Time required:** 30 minutes

**Material/equipment needed:** Tap set, various taps to pass around to students

**Resources:** Hand Tap Handout (Appendix A)  
[Video #1 - Tapping Essentials \(13:20\)](#)

### Activity 3 – Reading a Tap Drill Chart

The goal of this activity is for students to learn how to read a tap drill chart. They will learn how to select the proper size drill depending on the tap size required. The students will complete a quiz to assess their understanding from Activities 1, 2 and 3.

**Time required:** 90 minutes

**Material/equipment needed:** Tap drill chart

**Resources:** Tap Drill Chart (Appendix B)  
Tap Drill Quiz (Appendix C)  
[Video #2 - Tap Drill Chart \(4:10\)](#)  
[Twist Drill Comparison Placemat](#)

## Activity 4 – Project: Drill and Tap Block

This project will allow the students to use their knowledge of drilling and tapping to manufacture an aluminum block with various sized tapped holes.

The students are required to cut a piece of rough stock aluminum (size can vary depending on available material) and mill the ends square. They will then layout out 3 different hole positions spaced out equally on their material. The students are then tasked with selecting 3 different size taps (tap sizes can vary depending on available tooling) and, using the provided tap drill chart (Appendix B), select the proper size drill for each tap.

The students will use the milling machine to drill and tap the 3 different size holes in their piece of material. They will hand in their project for evaluation using a rubric (Appendix D)

**Time required:** 180 minutes

**Material/equipment needed:** Aluminum stock, center drills, drills, taps, end mill, height gauge, surface plate, band saw, milling machine

**Resources:** Drill and Tap Block Rubric (Appendix D)

## Planning Notes

The following are suggestions when planning to perform this project,

- Prepare lessons for drill designation, tap identification and tap drill chart reading
- Set-up projector to show videos
- Make copies of all handouts for students or have them available on online learning management system for students
- Prepare all materials for demonstration prior to class or prior to videotaping
- Have various drills and taps placed around the room for students to look at and socially distance
- Have all machines and tools set up to use safely, ensuring guarding is in place
- Prepare material for students to cut

# Resources

## Handouts

- Hand Taps Handout ([Appendix A](#)),
- Tap Drill Chart ([Appendix B](#))
- Tap Drill Quiz ([Appendix C](#))
- Twist Drill Comparison Placemat ([Appendix D](#))

## Pictures/Blueprints

- Hand Taps picture ([Appendix A](#))
- Starrett Inch/Metric Tap Drill Sizes & Decimal Equivalents ([Appendix B](#))
- Project Drawing/Blueprint ([Appendix F](#))
- Project Reference Pictures ([Appendix G](#))

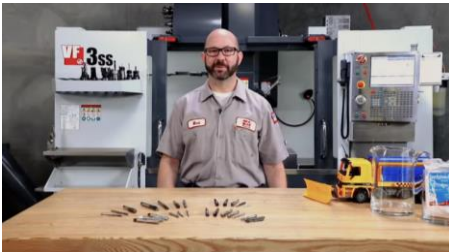
## Tools/Equipment

End mills, center drills, drill set, various taps, height gauge, surface plate, band saw, milling machine

## Materials

Aluminum stock

## Videos



### [Video #1 – Tapping Essentials \(13:20\)](#)

This video explains different types of taps and the uses of each.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bkrUzGooA9k>

### [Video #2 – Tap Drill Chart \(4:10\)](#)

This is a short video explaining how to properly read a tap drill chart.

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=68U\\_ONuLVKk](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=68U_ONuLVKk)

## Websites

- [NC Cutting Tools - 7 Differences between HSS and Cobalt Drill Bits](#)
- [Powertool Addict - Cobalt Drill Bits vs Titanium Drill Bits: What Material is the Better Choice?](#)
- [RD Barrett - The Difference Between HSS and Cobalt Drill Bits](#)
- [Regal Cutting Tools on Twist Drills](#)
- [Vermont American Twist Drill Bit Types – How to Choose the Right Twist Drill Bit](#)

## Instructional Strategies

Teachers may use any of the following instructional strategies; 3-Part lesson, lecture, storyboard, word wall, think-pair-share, placemat activity, rapid write, K-W-L, anticipation chart, ABC taxonomy, think aloud, analyzing text, Cornell note taking, exit ticket/ticket out the door, plus/minus/delta, etc. to effectively introduce an activity or teach their students.

## The Hook / Motivational Strategies

Start the class with a discussion about threads (what are they, how do they work, where are they used etc.). Ask the students to think of some places that threads are used and have them share their thoughts. Talk about the importance of having international standards when it comes to manufacturing threads and why it is necessary. Explain how threads are made and introduce the students to taps, demonstrating how they are used to create threads.

## Learning Goals and Success Criteria

Learning goals and success criteria are the foundation on which students base their ability to monitor their learning and determine next steps. Applicable learning goals may include any of the following,

- Students will learn about the various designations of drill sizes
- Students will understand how taps are identified
- Students will discover the importance of proper drill size selection when tapping

Success criteria may include any of the following,

- I will demonstrate their ability to read a tap drill chart correctly
- I will be able to identify taps and dies
- I will accurately machine to a specification
- I will accurately machine to within a tolerance
- I will demonstrate how to drill and tap a hole on the milling machine
- I will be able to identify and explain how various materials, tools, and equipment are used in the manufacture of products
- I will develop and use a manufacturing process to produce a product
- I will safely use the correct machines and tools to manufacture a product

# Overall and Specific Expectations in Support of Ontario Curriculum Grades 9 - 10 Technological Education

## Overall Expectations

- A3 Identify and explain how various materials, tools, and equipment are used in the manufacture of products;
- B2. Develop and use a manufacturing process plan to produce a product;
- B3. Use hand tools, machine tools, power tools, materials, and equipment safely and correctly in the manufacture of a product;
- B4. Demonstrate the use of metrology skills to measure, lay out, and inspect a product.

## Specific Expectations

- A3.1 Identify and describe the hand tools, machine tools, power tools, and equipment (e.g., saw, drill, engine lathe, vacuum forming machine, computer hardware and software) used in the design and fabrication of a variety of projects (e.g., robotic challenge, design challenge, fabrication project);
- B2.1 Identify and select appropriate materials required to manufacture a product;
- B2.3 Use correct procedures to prepare materials for the manufacture of a product (e.g., layout, cutting to rough length, squaring, drilling, weld preparation, deburring);
- B3.1 Set up hand tools, machine tools, power tools, and equipment (e.g., jigs and fixtures, clamps, engine lathe, welding equipment, milling machine, drill press, injection-moulding machine) properly in preparation for the manufacture of a product (e.g., robotic challenge, design challenge, fabrication project);
- B3.2 Use various hand tools, power tools, machine tools, and related equipment (e.g., saws, grinders, milling machine, engine lathe, welding equipment, vacuum-forming machine) safely and correctly to manufacture a product;
- B3.4 Demonstrate safe workplace practices and behaviours (e.g., follow instructions, keep work area clean and dry, don't distract other workers) when using materials, tools, and equipment to manufacture a product;
- B4.2 Perform proper layout procedures.

## Safety Concerns

Students must follow previous instruction and learned machine safety instructions while operating the band saw and milling machine. Safety passports or equipment instruction, testing and demonstration signoffs maybe utilized to track student training on pieces of equipment. Students must also wear proper PPE (safety glasses, proper footwear, etc.) while completing this project.

## Applicable SAFEDocs and ToolSAFE videos

Please refer to the [SAFEDocs for Manufacturing Technology](#) on the OCTE website for safety documents in order to properly address and instruct this project.

## Project Challenges

Challenges that may arise during this project may include:

- Students not understanding how to read a tap drill chart properly
  - ✓ More one on one time may be needed to support students learning
  - ✓ Additional worksheets may be provided for practice
- Students will break taps while completing the project
  - ✓ Teach students how to remove a broken tap
  - ✓ Have extra taps ready to use if needed
- The machines may get backed up by students needing to work
  - ✓ Have half of the students work on quiz while other half uses machines
  - ✓ Have them switch places when they are complete
- Students may have difficulty completing the project
  - ✓ Have students partner with a more knowledgeable classmate
  - ✓ Spend more one on one time with students who require it

## Differentiation of the Project / Activity

This project can be differentiated by:

- Using various size material, depending on availability
- Using various size taps, depending on availability
- Assigning students specific size holes to tap or having them choose their own sizes
- The quiz could be completed as a fill-in-the-blank worksheet with the entire class
- This project could be completed entirely in class over 2 or 3 days or it could also be a combination of online and in person work.
- The project could also be completed entirely online if needed, with the exception of Activity #4

Teachers can also refer to the [Differentiation Scrapbook](#) to take into account for learner ability, multiple intelligences, exceptional students, and ESL learners.

## Assessment and Evaluation

### Assessment As Learning

- Ask questions and make suggestions based on daily observation
- Assess students' cognition about their learning
- Students monitor their own learning and ask questions as needed

### Assessment For Learning

- Provide feedback to students about their learning and how to improve
- Create differentiated teaching strategies and learning opportunities
- Identify particular learning needs of students

### Assessment Of Learning

- Students will complete a quiz to assess their understanding of the lessons
- Evaluate each project according to the rubric

## Career and Industry Extensions

Students can explore career opportunities in the Manufacturing Industry including:

- General Machinist
- Millwright
- Welder
- CNC Operator
- Engineer
- Ironworker
- Metal Fabricator

## Reflection or Design Report

Teachers may wish to have the students complete a design report, reflection or create a foldable to consolidate their learning. This would be a nice way to capture the student's understanding in a summative format and be used in preparation for their examination, entering post-secondary education or the workforce.

## Appendix A – Hand Taps Handout

### Hand Taps



- Used to cut internal threads.
- The top end of the shank is square so a tap wrench or tap handle can be used to turn the tap into a hole which then produces a thread.
- When cutting, use cutting oil to lubricate the metal as it cuts.
- After a full complete turn, back the handle half a turn to break chips.
- Keep the tap straight and parallel with the workpiece.

### Preparing Workpiece for Internal Threads

- A hole must be drilled first. The drill bit must be smaller than the size of the tap so there is room for the threads to be cut. Use a “Tap Drill Chart” to find the right drill size.
- Add a chamfer to the end of the workpiece. This is to help start the tap.
- Use cutting oil to help cut and to keep the metal from heating up.

## Appendix B – Tap Drill Chart

DRILL SIZE		DECIMAL EQUIVALENT	TAP SIZE	METRIC TAP DRILL SIZES		
				METRIC TAP	TAP DRILL (mm)	DECIMAL (Inch)
<del>39</del> <sup>19</sup> / <sub>64</sub>	<del>32</del>	.5938		M1.6 x 0.35	1.25	.0492
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.6094		M1.8 x 0.35	1.45	.0571
<del>41</del> <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>		.6250		M2 x 0.4	1.60	.0630
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.6406		M2.2 x 0.45	1.75	.0689
<del>43</del> <sup>21</sup> / <sub>32</sub>		.6562	3/4 - 10	M2.5 x 0.45	2.05	.0807
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.6719		M3 x 0.5	2.50	.0984
<del>45</del> <sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub>		.6875	3/4 - 16	M3.5 x 0.6	2.90	.1142
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.7031		M4 x 0.7	3.30	.1299
<del>47</del> <sup>23</sup> / <sub>32</sub>		.7188		M4.5 x 0.75	3.70	.1457
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.7344		M5 x 0.8	4.20	.1654
<del>49</del> <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>		.7500		M6 x 1	5.00	.1968
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.7656	7/8 - 9	M7 x 1	6.00	.2362
<del>51</del> <sup>25</sup> / <sub>32</sub>		.7812		M8 x 1.25	6.70	.2638
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.7969		M8 x 1	7.00	.2756
<del>53</del> <sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>		.8125	7/8 - 14	M10 x 1.5	8.50	.3346
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.8281		M10 x 1.25	8.70	.3425
<del>55</del> <sup>27</sup> / <sub>32</sub>		.8438		M12 x 1.75	10.20	.4016
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.8594		M12 x 1.25	10.80	.4252
<del>57</del> <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>		.8750	1 - 8	M14 x 2	12.00	.4724
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.8906		M14 x 1.5	12.50	.4921
<del>59</del> <sup>29</sup> / <sub>32</sub>		.9062		M16 x 2	14.00	.5512
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.9219	1 - 12	M16 x 1.5	14.50	.5709
<del>61</del> <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub>		.9375	1 - 14	M18 x 2.5	15.50	.6102
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.9531		M18 x 1.5	16.50	.6496
<del>63</del> <sup>31</sup> / <sub>32</sub>		.9688		M20 x 2.5	17.50	.6890
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	.9844	1 1/8 - 7	M20 x 1.5	18.50	.7283
<del>64</del>	<del>32</del>	1.0000	1 1/8 - 12	M22 x 2.5	19.50	.7677
<sup>13</sup> / <sub>64</sub>		1.0469	1 1/4 - 7	M22 x 1.5	20.50	.8071
<sup>17</sup> / <sub>64</sub>		1.1094		M24 x 3	21.00	.8268
<sup>1 1/8</sup>		1.1250		M24 x 2	22.00	.8661
<sup>1 11</sup> / <sub>64</sub>		1.1719	1 1/4 - 12	M27 x 3	24.00	.9449
<sup>17</sup> / <sub>32</sub>		1.2188	1 3/8 - 6	M27 x 2	25.00	.9843
<sup>1 1/4</sup>		1.2500		M30 x 3.5	26.50	1.0433
<sup>1 19</sup> / <sub>64</sub>		1.2969	1 3/8 - 12	M30 x 2	28.00	1.1024
<sup>1 11</sup> / <sub>32</sub>		1.3438	1 1/2 - 6	M33 x 3.5	29.50	1.1614
<sup>1 3/8</sup>		1.3750		M33 x 2	31.00	1.2205
<sup>1 27</sup> / <sub>64</sub>		1.4219	1 1/2 - 12	M36 x 4	32.00	1.2598
<sup>1 1/2</sup>		1.5000		M36 x 3	33.00	1.2992
				M39 x 4	35.00	1.3780
				M39 x 3	36.00	1.4173

PIPE THREAD SIZES (NPS)			
THREAD	DRILL	THREAD	DRILL
1/8 - 27	11/32	1 1/2 - 11 1/2	1 3/4
1/4 - 18	7/16	2 - 11 1/2	2 7/32
3/8 - 18	37/64	2 1/2 - 8	2 21/32
1/2 - 14	23/32	3 - 8	3 1/4
3/4 - 14	59/64	3 1/2 - 8	3 3/4
1 - 11 1/2	15/32	4 - 8	4 1/4
1 1/4 - 11 1/2	1 1/2		



# DECIMAL EQUIVALENTS

## INCH/METRIC TAP DRILL SIZES & DECIMAL EQUIVALENTS

DRILL SIZE	DECIMAL EQUIV.	TAP SIZE	DRILL SIZE	DECIMAL EQUIV.	TAP SIZE	DRILL SIZE	DECIMAL EQUIV.	TAP SIZE
	80 .0135		37 .1040	5 - 44			.2460	
$\frac{1}{64}$	79 .0145		7 $\frac{7}{64}$ 36 .1065	6 - 32	$\frac{1}{4}$	D	.2500	
	.0156					E	.2570	$\frac{5}{16}$ - 18
	78 .0160		$\frac{7}{64}$ 35 .1100			F	.2610	
	77 .0180		34 .1110	6 - 40	$\frac{17}{64}$	G	.2656	
	76 .0200		33 .1130			H	.2660	$\frac{5}{16}$ - 24
	75 .0210		32 .1160			I	.2720	
	74 .0225		31 .1200			J	.2770	
	73 .0240		$\frac{1}{8}$ 30 .1250			K	.2810	
	72 .0250		29 .1285	8 - 32, 36	$\frac{9}{32}$	L	.2812	
	71 .0260		28 .1360			M	.2900	
	70 .0280		$\frac{9}{64}$ 27 .1405		$\frac{19}{64}$	N	.2950	
	69 .0292		26 .1440			O	.2969	
$\frac{1}{32}$	68 .0310		25 .1470	10 - 24	$\frac{5}{16}$	P	.3020	$\frac{3}{8}$ - 16
	.0312		24 .1495			Q	.3125	
	67 .0320		23 .1520			R	.3160	
	66 .0330		$\frac{5}{32}$ 22 .1540		$\frac{21}{64}$	S	.3230	
	65 .0350		21 .1562			T	.3281	$\frac{3}{8}$ - 24
	64 .0360		20 .1570	10 - 32	$\frac{11}{32}$	U	.3320	
	63 .0370		19 .1590			V	.3390	
	62 .0380		18 .1610			W	.3438	
	61 .0390		17 .1660			X	.3480	
	60 .0400		16 .1695			Y	.3580	
	59 .0410		$\frac{11}{64}$ 15 .1730	12 - 24	$\frac{23}{64}$	Z	.3594	
	58 .0420		14 .1770				.3680	$\frac{7}{16}$ - 14
	57 .0430		13 .1800	12 - 28	$\frac{3}{8}$		.3750	
$\frac{3}{64}$	56 .0465	0 - 80	12 .1820				.3770	
	.0469		11 .1850				.3860	
	55 .0520		$\frac{3}{16}$ 10 .1875				.3906	$\frac{7}{16}$ - 20
	54 .0550	1 - 64, 72	9 .1890				.3970	
$\frac{1}{16}$	53 .0595		8 .1910				.4040	
	.0625		7 .1935				.4062	
	52 .0635		6 .1960				.4130	
	51 .0670	2 - 56, 64	5 .1990				.4219	$\frac{1}{2}$ - 13
	50 .0700		4 .2010				.4375	
	49 .0730		$\frac{13}{64}$ 3 .2031	$\frac{1}{4}$ - 20	$\frac{29}{64}$		.4531	$\frac{1}{2}$ - 20
	48 .0760		2 .2040				.4688	
$\frac{5}{64}$	.0781	3 - 48	1 .2055				.4844	$\frac{9}{16}$ - 12
	47 .0785		4 .2090				.5000	
	46 .0810	3 - 56	3 .2130	$\frac{1}{4}$ - 28	$\frac{33}{64}$		.5156	$\frac{9}{16}$ - 18
	45 .0820		$\frac{7}{32}$ 2 .2188				.5312	$\frac{5}{8}$ - 11
	44 .0860	4 - 40	1 .2210				.5469	
	43 .0890	4 - 48	A .2280				.5625	
$\frac{3}{32}$	42 .0935		15 A .2340				.5781	$\frac{5}{8}$ - 18
	.0938		14 A .2344					
	41 .0960		13 B .2380					
	40 .0980		12 C .2420					
	39 .0995	5 - 40						
	38 .1015							

The L.S. Starrett Company — World's Greatest Toolmakers



## Appendix D – Twist Drill Comparison Placemat

Using your class textbook for Manufacturing Technology or the Internet, research high speed steel, black oxide, titanium nitride and cobalt twist drills. State the properties of each twist drill and on what materials you would use each one.

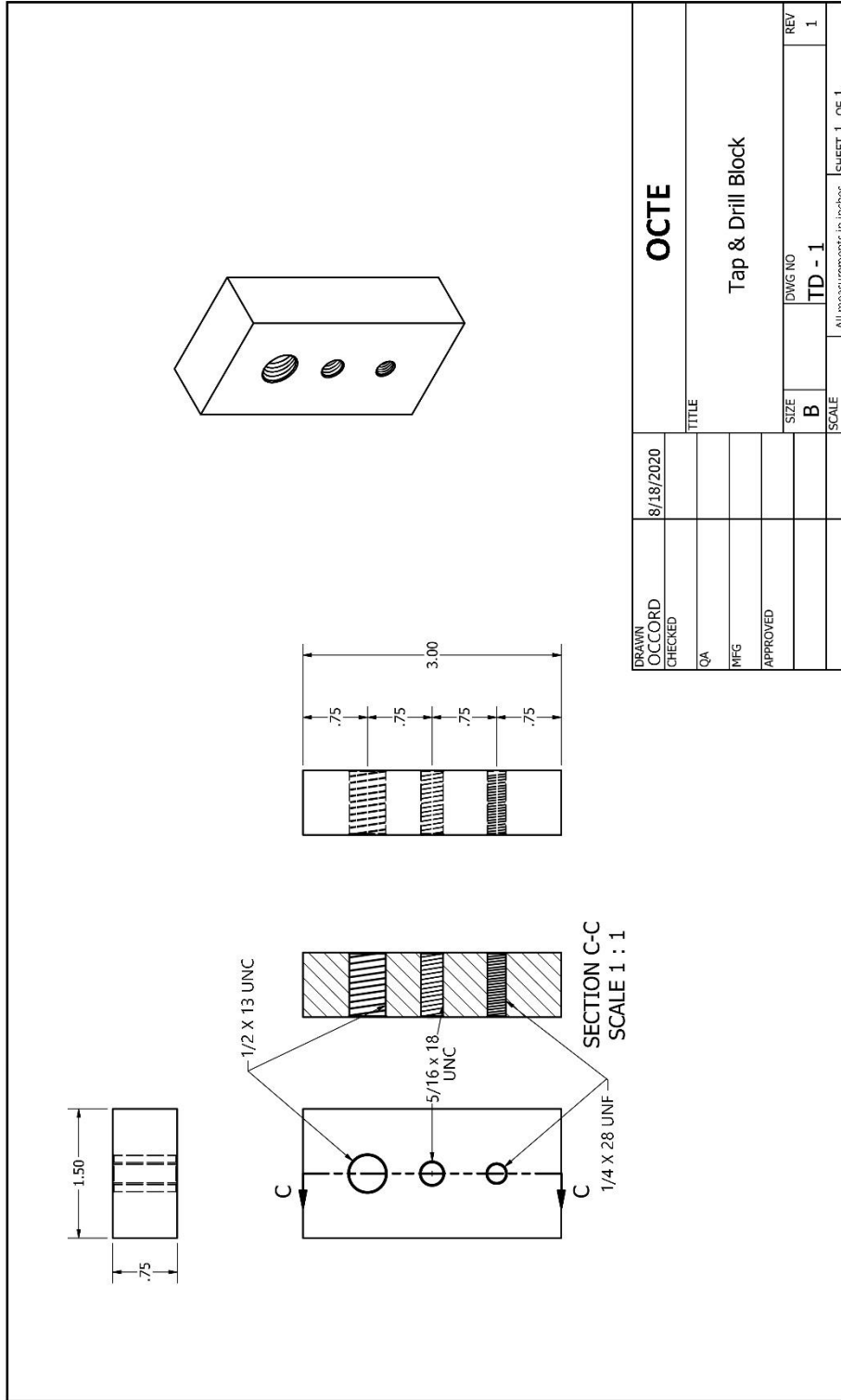
High Speed Steel (HSS)	Cobalt
Black Oxide	Titanium Nitride

Bonus: Research Carbide twist drills and cutting tools, and compare them to the list above

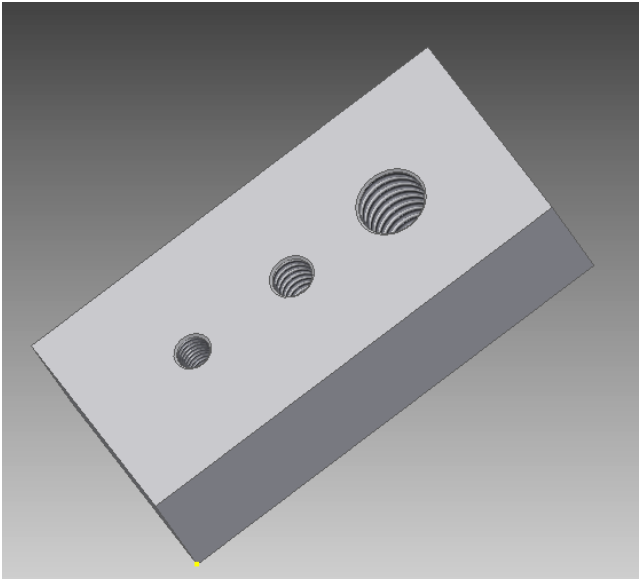
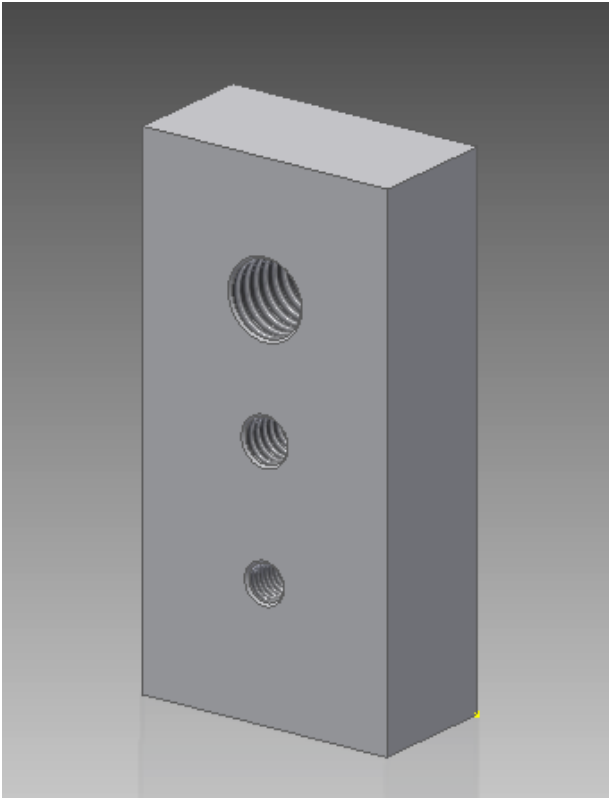
## Appendix E – Drill and Tap Block Rubric

<b>Category</b>	<b>Level 4</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 1</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	Student uses manufacturing processes to efficiently produce a product	Student uses manufacturing processes to produce a product	Student uses some of the manufacturing processes to produce a product	Student uses minimal manufacturing processes to produce a product
<b>Layout</b>	The layout of all three holes are in the correct position	The layout of two holes are in the correct position	The layout of one hole is in the correct position	All three holes are laid out but not one hole is correct
<b>Tap Drill Sizes</b>	All three tap drills are the correct size	Two of the tap drills are the correct size	One of the tap drills is the correct size	None of the tap drills are the correct size
<b>Tools and equipment</b>	Student uses tools (hand and machine), and equipment safely and to a high degree of accuracy to manufacture a product	Student uses tools (hand and machine), and equipment safely and correctly to manufacture a product	Student uses some of the tools (hand and machine), and equipment safely with assistance to manufacture a product	Student uses a limited number of the tools (hand and machine), and equipment under supervision and with assistance to manufacture a product
<b>Overall Appearance</b>	Project has been deburred, has no machining marks, and is accurate to 0.001" of specification	Project has been deburred, has very few machining marks to considerable accuracy (with – in tolerance)	Project has been deburred with moderate effectiveness. A few machining marks and/or rough edges are present	Project has burrs and sharp edges. Many machining marks and/or rough edges are present and is not accurate
<b>Time Management</b>	Class time was used wisely every day. Much time and effort went into the project	Class time was used wisely most days. Considerable time and effort went into project	Class time was used some days. The time and effort spent on the project could have been better	Class time was not used wisely. Little effort went into the project but the project was completed by due date
<b>Comments</b>				

# Appendix F – Project Drawing/Blueprint



# Appendix G – Project Reference Pictures



## References

7 Differences between HSS and Cobalt Drill Bits (Article), 2020

<https://www.nccuttingtools.com/7-differences-between-hss-and-cobalt-drill-bits.html>

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